# Hardware description languages: Gezel, VHDL, Verilog, SystemC

Tutorial 03 on Dedicated systems

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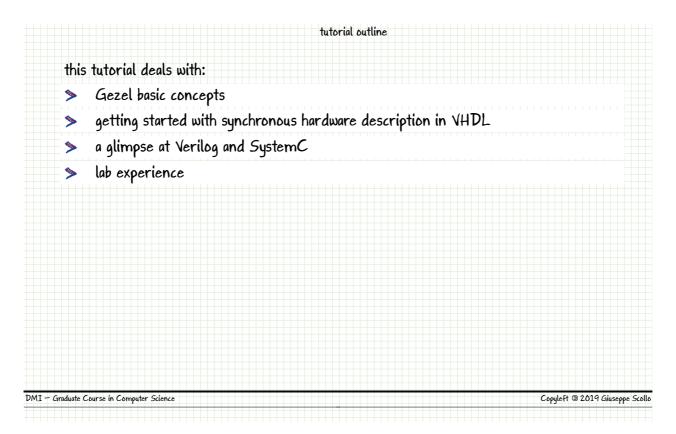
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#### Gezel: basic concepts

essentially, two sorts of variables: signals and registers

- > one or more bit-wide, of type ns or to ecc.
- registers are initialized to zero, signals have no memory
- datapath inputs and outputs are always signals
- > a register output gets the register input value at the clock active edge, therefore the (discrete time) semantics of register assignment is different from the (instantaneous) semantics of signal assignment

assigment order is irrelevant

hardware is inherently parallel

assignment right-hand-side expressions are constructed by operators that have a direct interpretation as hardware components, see Schaumont Table 5.1 and Sect. 5.1.3

datapath encapsulation and structural hierarchy, with module reuse and cloning, see Schaumont Sect. 5.2

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#### getting started with VHDL

abstraction level: discrete events; semantics: queue of future events specification units:

- entity: interface specification (ports: names, types and directions of I/O signals)
  may have parameters, by generic declarations
- architecture: specification of the entity internals

more than one architecture may be associated to a given entity, following different specification styles:

- functional: in terms of sequential processes, activated by change of given signals (sensitivity list)
- behavioral: in terms of concurrent assignments (signal relations)
- > structural: in terms of components and port connections between instances thereof

#### encapsulation and hierarchy:

- components: entity-like encapsulation, structural hierarchy
- processes: encapsulate functionality, yet process nesting is not allowed

see Zwoliński Ch. 3-4 for a primer on syntax of VHDL constructs and simple examples

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## a glimpse at Verilog and SystemC

abstraction level: discrete events (same as VHDL)

#### Verilog, a few features:

- similar to VHDL for description of schematics as connected entities
- more features for transistor-level description
- less flexible for top-down system specification SystemVerilog designed to this purpose
- see Zwoliński, App. B for a primer on Verilog syntax and simple examples Harris, Harris, Ch. 4 presents a comparative introduction to both VHDL-2008 and SystemVerilog, with simple examples in both languages

### SystemC, a few features:

- > C++ class library with functions required for hardware description
- concurrent processes controlled by sensitivity list (cf. VHDL)
- layered language architecture, with channels for communication, for models of computation, and methology-specific channels
- see Marwedel sect. 2.7 for a more informative introduction to SystemC

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#### lab experience

the VHDL translation produced by the Gezel code generator sometimes yields an unexpected outcome...

- create the source file delay\_collatz.fdl containing the second version of the Gezel example shown in the second lecture (the file is available in the lab reserved area, in the 3x+1 folder)
- y run from the command line: fdlvhd delay\_collatz.fdl
- launch Quartus and in this system create a new project named delay\_collatz
- copy the .vhd files produced by step 2 into the project directory and open file delay\_collatz.vhd in the Quartus editor
- assign the aforementioned files to the project, compile and visualize the resulting error message, then, by doubleclick on the error message in the compilation report, find out the VHDL source line causing the error
- analyse the delay collatz.vhd source and find a suitable modification that would fix the error
- set the clock to a frequency that warrants a positive value for the worst-case slack (see clock fine tuning tips from the first lab lab experience)
- compare usage of resources (n. of LEs and registers) and worst-case slack with those obtained from compilation and timing analysis completed in the second lab experience
- create test waveforms for the circuit, with clock input corresponding to the frequency established in the previous step, initial value 27 for the first trajectory and, as a follow-up in the same waveform, another initial value for a second trajectory after 75 clock cycles
- y run the functional simulation and check the correspondence of the outcome to expectations
- find out whether and how could one modify the Gezel source delay\_collatz.fdl in such a way that its translation to VHDL would not break the compilation

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references

recommended readings:

Schaumont, Ch. 5, Sect. 5.1-5.2

Zwoliński, Ch. 3, Sect. 3.1-3-7; Ch. 4, Sect. 4.1-4.3

other sources for consultation:

Harris, Harris, Ch. 4, Sect. 4.1-4.4, 4.7

Brandolese, Fornaciari, App. B

Zwoliński, App. B

Marwedel, Ch. 2, Sect. 2.7

Vahid, Digital Design, Ch. 9, Hardware Description Languages (PDF slides)

Smith, VHDL & Verilog Compared & Contrasted

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